

Winnebago Landfill Winnebago County, Illinois

Permit Number: 1991-138-LF

Site Number: 2018080001

Alternate Source Demonstration

January 2011



Submitted to: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Bureau of Land Springfield, Illinois

Prepared for: Winnebago Landfill 8403 Lindenwood Road Rockford, Illinois



3300 Ginger Creek Drive Springfield, Illinois 62711

Tel: (217) 787-2334; Fax: (217) 787-9495



January 10, 2011

Stephen F. Nightingale
Manager, Permit Section
Bureau of Land
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
1021 North Grand Ave. East
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Re: 2018080001 - Winnebago County

Winnebago Landfill

Alternate Source Demonstration

Dear Mr. Nightingale:

On behalf of our client, Winnebago Landfill, submitted herein are an original and three copies of an alternate source demonstration in accordance with Condition VIII.15 of Permit No. 1991-138-LF Modification 45. Application forms (Certification of Authenticity and LPC-PA1) are provided in Appendix A of the application.

Please contact Tom Hilbert at (815) 963-7516 if you have any questions or require additional information.

Sincerely.

Teresa N. Sharp

Environmental Scientist

TNS:bjh:sjb

Enclosure(s)

cc: Tom Hilbert - William Charles Waste Companies

Bernie Shorle - US EPA Region 5

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		ODUCTION	1
2.	BAC	GROUND INFORMATION	
		Site Description	
	2.2	Site Hydrogeological Summary	1
		2.2.1 Unconsolidated Deposits	1
		2.2.2 Bedrock	1
		2.2.3 Uppermost Aquifer	
		2.2.4 Groundwater Flow Conditions	
3.	GRO	UNDWATER QUALITY	-
		O: 1D 117 11 E: 1 Q 07 1E: 1 1	
	3.1	Existing Monitor Well Network	
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network	3
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network	3
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network Background Concentrations Confirmed Increases	3 2
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network Background Concentrations Confirmed Increases 3.3.1 Dissolved Chloride	
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network Background Concentrations Confirmed Increases 3.3.1 Dissolved Chloride 3.3.2 Dissolved Chromium	
	3.1 3.2	Existing Monitor Well Network Background Concentrations Confirmed Increases 3.3.1 Dissolved Chloride	
4.	3.1 3.2 3.3	Existing Monitor Well Network Background Concentrations Confirmed Increases 3.3.1 Dissolved Chloride 3.3.2 Dissolved Chromium	

TABLES

Table 1 - Historic Sampling Results

FIGURES

Figure 1 – Site Map

Figure 2 - Site Location Map

APPENDICES

Appendix A - Application Forms

Appendix B - Potentiometric Surface Maps

Appendix C - Trend Analyses

Appendix D - Statistical Method

Appendix E - Statistical Calculations

1. INTRODUCTION

Condition No. VIII.15 of Permit No. 1991-138-LF Modification No. 45 requires that an alternate source demonstration be conducted for all confirmed monitored increases detected in facility monitoring wells or that an assessment monitoring program be implemented to determine whether the facility is the source of the increases. Exceedences that were observed third quarter 2010 were sampled for confirmation during the fourth quarter 2010 event. This application provides an alternate source demonstration for the third quarter 2010 confirmed exceedences. The application forms (Certification of Authenticity and LPC-PA1) are contained in Appendix A.

2. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Site Description

The facility contains two separate disposal areas (Northern and Southern Units) authorized under a single operating permit (Illinois EPA Permit No. 1991-138-LF). A site map has been provided as Figure 1. The Northern Unit ceased accepting waste on September 8, 2000. The Southern Unit continues to operate in accordance with the current permit. In addition, a North Expansion Unit, located between the existing Northern Unit and Baxter Road, began operation under Illinois Permit No. 2006-221-LF on May 16, 2008. This unit is also shown in Figure 1.

2.2 Site Hydrogeological Summary

The site hydrogeologic characteristics have been accurately determined based on implementation of a series of subsurface investigations, beginning with the initial drilling investigation in 1969 by Testing Engineers, Inc. Subsequent investigations have included advancement of borings, well/piezometer installations for the existing site and facility expansion, and comprehensive groundwater quality testing due to impacts from Acme Solvents. Additional hydrogeologic information has been gained due to development activities of the North Expansion Unit, which includes excavation of materials exposing bedrock and unconsolidated deposits.

2.2.1 Unconsolidated Deposits

The composition of the unconsolidated deposits, which appear to be glacial outwash, varies with location throughout the facility boundaries. Coarse-grained sand and gravel with occasional silt and/or clay seams typically underlie the Northern Unit. The thickness of the sand and gravel varies from just a few feet beneath the east toe of the waste footprint to approximately 70 feet beneath the western edge of the waste boundary. The sand and gravel thickens to the west, corresponding with the erosion of the underlying dolomite. Unconsolidated sand and gravel glacial drift sediments directly underlay the western portion of the Northern Unit, while fractured dolomite bedrock underlies the eastern portion of the landfill.

2.2.2 Bedrock

The bedrock consists of dolomite, fractured and weathered to varying extents. Chert layers, chert nodules, and small vugs were commonly noted on boring logs. However, larger voids or karst characteristics were not indicated on the boring logs. The bedrock surface is highly variable throughout the facility, with a high of approximately 750 feet above mean sea level (MSL) at the southeast corner of the Northern Unit to a low of approximately 675 feet above

1

MSL to the west and south of the Southern Unit. East of the site a dolomite bedrock upland is present and outcrops in the vicinity of the Acme Solvent site. This bedrock upland represents the eastern bedrock escarpment of the Upper Rock buried valley. The site is situated on the eastern edge of the Upper Rock buried bedrock valley. The overburden thickens as the elevation of the bedrock surface decreases to the west. As determined by boring investigations included as part of the 1997 Annual Evaluation of Effectiveness of GMZ (HSI GeoTrans, May 1997), the bedrock continues to decrease in elevation west of the site to approximately 645 feet above MSL directly west of Killbuck Creek.

2.2.3 Uppermost Aquifer

The uppermost aquifer for the site is located within the glaciofluvial sand and gravel deposits and the upper portion of the fractured dolomite bedrock. The saturated sands and gravels, which directly overlie the bedrock, occur in the western two-thirds of the Northern Unit. In locations where there are no saturated glaciofluvial deposits, the uppermost aquifer is located within the dolomite bedrock typically overlain by silty clay deposits. This occurs in the eastern third of the Northern Unit.

2.2.4 Groundwater Flow Conditions

The general flow direction within the uppermost aquifer is westward and downward in the bedrock upland east of the site. However, groundwater may flow upward from the bedrock to the unconsolidated sediments in areas where sediments are saturated (HSI GeoTrans, 1995). This is due to the higher permeability of the sand and gravel deposits. Groundwater flow in the unconsolidated sediments is to the west-northwest. Potentiometric surface maps provided in Appendix B indicate groundwater movement is generally west-northwest beneath the Northern Unit. Groundwater elevations obtained from recent monitor wells and piezometers installed west of Kilbuck Creek indicate flow is generally to the north, west of Kilbuck Creek.

Killbuck creek is both a gaining and losing stream dependent upon hydrologic and atmospheric conditions. During drier periods where the water table drops below the bottom of the creek bed, surface waters feed the groundwater system. During wetter periods where the water table is high (above the bottom of the creek bed) the groundwater system will recharge the stream and wetlands. This fluctuation allows mixing of surface water (and, therefore, surface water constituents) with groundwater (and any groundwater constituents) often on a seasonal basis. In addition, dependent upon the creek stage, the surface waters of both the creek and the wetland mitigation area may be contiguous.

The aquifer system beneath the facility, which includes both the saturated sand and gravel and the upper weathered/fractured part of the dolomite, extends to an approximate depth of 665 feet MSL. East of the landfill and beneath the eastern quarter of the Northern Unit, the water table occurs within the dolomite bedrock. Beneath the western three-fourths of the site and within the Killbuck Creek Valley, the water table occurs within the sand and gravel deposits. Previous hydrogeologic investigations and evaluations have shown that vertical gradients do exist within the uppermost aquifer but are typically slight at any individual location. Therefore, groundwater elevations from the bedrock wells and wells screened in the unconsolidated materials (sand and gravel) were used to create one potentiometric surface for each quarterly sampling period. As expected, the hydraulic gradients are greater at the east end of the facility where the bedrock is higher and flat near Killbuck Creek.

3. GROUNDWATER QUALITY

In accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 811.319 and the current permit, the groundwater quality is evaluated on a quarterly basis. Results of the statistical evaluations are reported quarterly in accordance with Condition No. VIII.18. Notification of observed increases/confirmed increases have been submitted in accordance with Condition No. VIII.14 of the permit.

3.1 Existing Monitor Well Network

The facility has an extensive network of monitoring wells from which groundwater data are obtained. Separate monitor well networks exist for the Northern and Southern Units. The Northern Unit contains 23 groundwater monitoring points, of which five are designated as background groundwater quality wells (upgradient), one is a compliance boundary well at the edge of the zone of attenuation and the remaining wells monitor within the zone of attenuation downgradient and sidegradient of the landfill. Winnebago Landfill samples 10 additional wells on a quarterly basis as part of the GMZ monitoring network. Six temporary monitoring wells were installed and sampled from October to December 2009 to monitor the groundwater quality west of the permitted GMZ area. Each of the wells is identified in Figure 1. The following table provides a list of the monitoring wells for the Northern Unit.

Northern Unit Detection Monito	oring Wells (23)
Upgradient	G09D, G09M, G13S, G13D, G20D
Compliance Boundary	R39S
Zone of Attenuation	G03M, G16M, G17S, G18D, G18S, G33D, G34D, G35D, G36S
	G37S, G38S, G40S, G41D, G41M, G41S, R42S, G51S
Northern Unit GMZ Only Wells	(10)
Compliance Boundary	G52S, G52M
Zone of Attenuation	R03S, G16D, G33S, G34S, G35S, G37D, G130, G50S
Northern Unit Temporary Wells	s (6)
Zone of Attenuation	T1U-A, T1L-A, T2U-A, T2L-A, T3U-A, T3L-A

The Southern Unit contains 17 permitted groundwater monitoring points. Six are designated as background groundwater quality wells (upgradient); two (G13S and G13D) are also background wells for the Northern Unit. Although, monitoring wells R05S, G29S, and G29D are permitted as zone of attenuation wells, based on the potentiometric surface maps (Appendix B), these wells are also located upgradient to the waste units. The wells have been used previously in the derivation of the background/applicable groundwater quality standards (AGQS) values for the unit. The following table lists the monitoring wells for the Southern Unit.

Southern Unit Detection Monitoring Wells (17)							
Upgradient	R11S, G11D, G13S, G13D, R22S, G22D						
Zone of Attenuation	R05S, G23D, R24D, R25D, G26S, G26D, R27D, R28D, G29S, G29D, G49D						

3.2 Background Concentrations

The initial background concentrations (AGQSs) for the Northern Unit were determined from data obtained from four wells located east of Lindenwood Road (B-8, STI-2S, STI-2I, and STI-2D). Background sampling occurred during 1990 through 1992. The AGQSs were proposed in the

initial significant modification application and subsequent addendums. Addendum 3 to the initial significant modification, dated February 10, 1993, provided the first full listing of routine AGQS values derived from wells G09M, G09D, G13S, and G13D. Since the time the background concentrations were obtained, remediation at the Acme Solvent facility ceased and quarry operations began east of Acme Solvents (the facilities are located upgradient to the landfill). The approximate location of Acme Solvents and quarries are shown in Figure 2. These activities have likely affected the current background conditions. To account for changes in the background groundwater quality since 1993, revised AGQS values for 60 G1 and G2 List parameters were submitted and subsequently approved on March 26, 2004 with the issuance of Modification 24 to the current permit.

The initial AGQSs for the Southern Unit were determined from data obtained from the permitted upgradient/background wells. However, revisions to several background values have included data from wells R05S, G29S, and G29D as part of the statistical derivation. Although permitted as zone of attenuation wells, these wells are actually hydraulically upgradient to the Southern Unit and provide additional information on the background groundwater quality. As mentioned in Section 3.1 above, monitor wells G13S and G13D are contained in the monitor well networks for both the Northern and Southern Units. The groundwater quality for these two wells along with R05S (Southern Unit) and G16S/D (Northern Unit) are not evaluated with respect to the permitted AGQSs but are reviewed based on trend analyses in accordance with Condition VIII.25 of Permit No. 1991-138-LF (Modification No. 45).

3.3 Confirmed Increases

The table below lists the parameters and wells that have been confirmed to exceed the criteria listed in Condition VIII.13 during the third quarter 2010 sampling event at Winnebago Landfill. The historical sampling results for each of the exceeding wells/parameters are provided as Table 1. Each confirmed increase is discussed in detail in the sections below. In addition, graphical trend analyses have also been conducted for each of the confirmed exceedences and are provided in Appendix C.

Unit	Well	Location	Confirmed Increases
Southern	G22D	Upgradient	dissolved chloride
Northern	G09M	Upgradient	dissolved chromium
Northern	G51S	Downgradient	dissolved chromium, total dissolved solids

3.3.1 Dissolved Chloride

Concentrations of dissolved chloride at upgradient well G22D have consistently exceeded the interwell AGQS (200 mg/l) since fourth quarter 2009. The fourth quarter 2009 confirmed increase of dissolved chloride was previously addressed as part of pending Application Log No. 2010-152, which proposed to collect an additional two quarters of data (second and third quarters 2010) to evaluate whether this is an ongoing trend. If concentrations continued to exceed, it was proposed to develop an intrawell value to address the changing upgradient groundwater conditions. Since concentrations of dissolved chloride have continued to exceed, an intrawell value (809.16 mg/L) is proposed. The statistical method and intrawell calculations are provided in Appendix D and Appendix E, respectively.

3.3.2 Dissolved Chromium

The third quarter 2010 concentrations of dissolved chromium exceeded the interwell AGQS value (12 ug/l) at upgradient well G09M and well G51S. Dissolved chromium was added to the facility G1 monitoring list during third quarter 2008 as part of the regulatory amendments imposed by Illinois Pollution Control Board Rulemaking Docket No. R2007-008. Since there are only two years of data available for this parameter, historical concentration profiles cannot be derived. The third and fourth quarter 2010 concentrations of dissolved chromium at well G09M and G51S are within normal range for the facility (4 to 72 ug/L), with the highest concentration recorded at upgradient well G13D during second quarter 2010. The concentration detected in downgradient well G51S appears directly related to concentrations detected in upgradient wells G09D and G13S.

A complete reevaluation of the background groundwater quality for the Northern Unit has been proposed as part of pending application Log Nos. 2010-038 (GMZ investigation report) and 2010-152 (alternate source demonstration). Concentrations of dissolved chromium will be reevaluated at that time and a revised AGQS will likely be proposed to account for the upgradient concentrations of the parameter. Exceedences of dissolved chromium at wells G09M and G51S will continue to be reported to the Illinois EPA in accordance with Condition VIII.14 of the permit; however, any additional assessment (i.e., alternate source demonstrations/ assessment monitoring required by Condition VIII.15) will be conducted as part of the background reevaluation.

3.3.3 Total Dissolved Solids

Concentrations of total dissolved solids at G51S exceeded the interwell AGQS (1,755.8 mg/l) during third quarter 2010 (2,100 mg/l) and was confirmed fourth quarter 2010 (1,800 mg/l). Total dissolved solids are simply a measure of the amount of dissolved constituents in the groundwater. The confirmed increase of total dissolved solids is believed directly related to the increase in dissolved chromium discussed above. Since dissolved chromium in well G51S appears related to concentrations detected in upgradient wells G13D and G09M, an intrawell value (4,087.22 mg/l) is proposed for total dissolved solids at G51S. The statistical method and intrawell calculations are provided in Appendix D and Appendix E, respectively.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on an evaluation of the historic sampling results, trend analyses, groundwater flow direction, and background information, the confirmed increases appear to be related to upgradient groundwater quality or temporal/spatial variability. A complete reevaluation of the background groundwater quality for the Northern Unit has been proposed as part of pending application Log Nos. 2010-038 (GMZ investigation report) and 2010-152 (alternate source demonstration). Concentrations of dissolved chromium at wells G09M and G51S will be reevaluated pursuant to those applications and a revised AGQS will be proposed to account for the upgradient concentrations of the parameter. Intrawell values have been proposed (809.16 mg/l) for dissolved chloride at G22D and (4,087.22 mg/l) for total dissolved solids at G51S. This alternate source demonstration fulfills the requirements of Condition No. VIII.15 of Permit No. 1991-138-LF Modification No. 45.

5

TABLES

Table 1 Winnebago Landfill Historical Analytical

Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	2ndQtr98	1stQtr99	2ndQtr99	3rdQtr99	4thQtr99	1stQtr00	2ndQtr00	3rdQtr00	4thQtr00
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	39.4	36	35	42	39	46	55	41	60
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12									BOX BUSINESS
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12		a property of				VI PT. Land		E province	
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8							E H - VOI- LET		

Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	1stQtr01	2ndQtr01	3rdQtr01	4thQtr01	1stQtr02	2ndQtr02	3rdQtr02	4thQtr02	1stQtr03
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	40	36	70	190	150	80	240	180	190
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12									
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12									
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8									

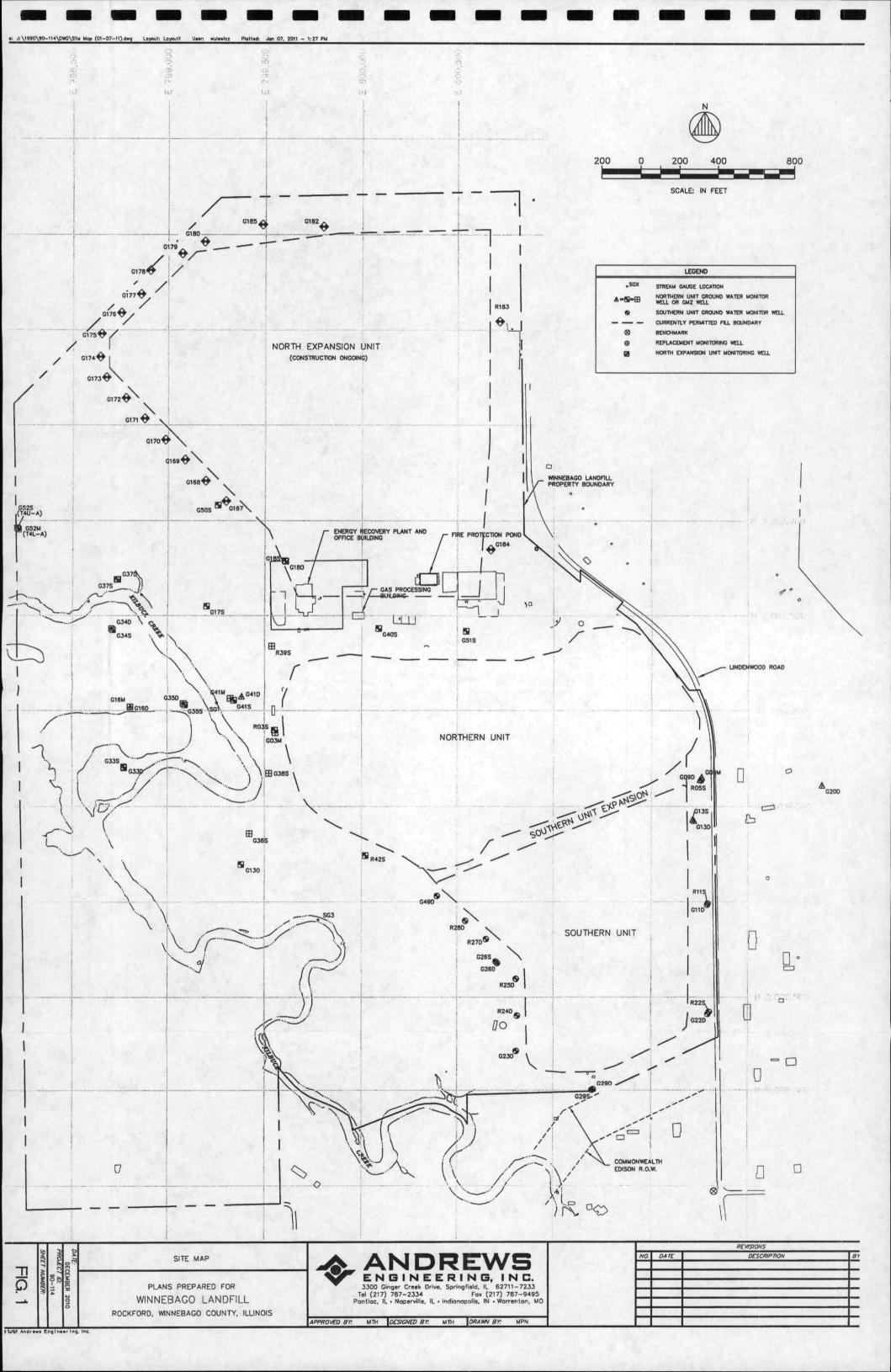
Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	2ndQtr03	3rdQtr03	4thQtr03	1stQtr04	2ndQtr04	2ndQtr04re	3rdQtr04	3rdQtr04re	4thQtr04
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	110	180	140	220	290	280	220	190	190
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12			part last order						
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12									
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8		1							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

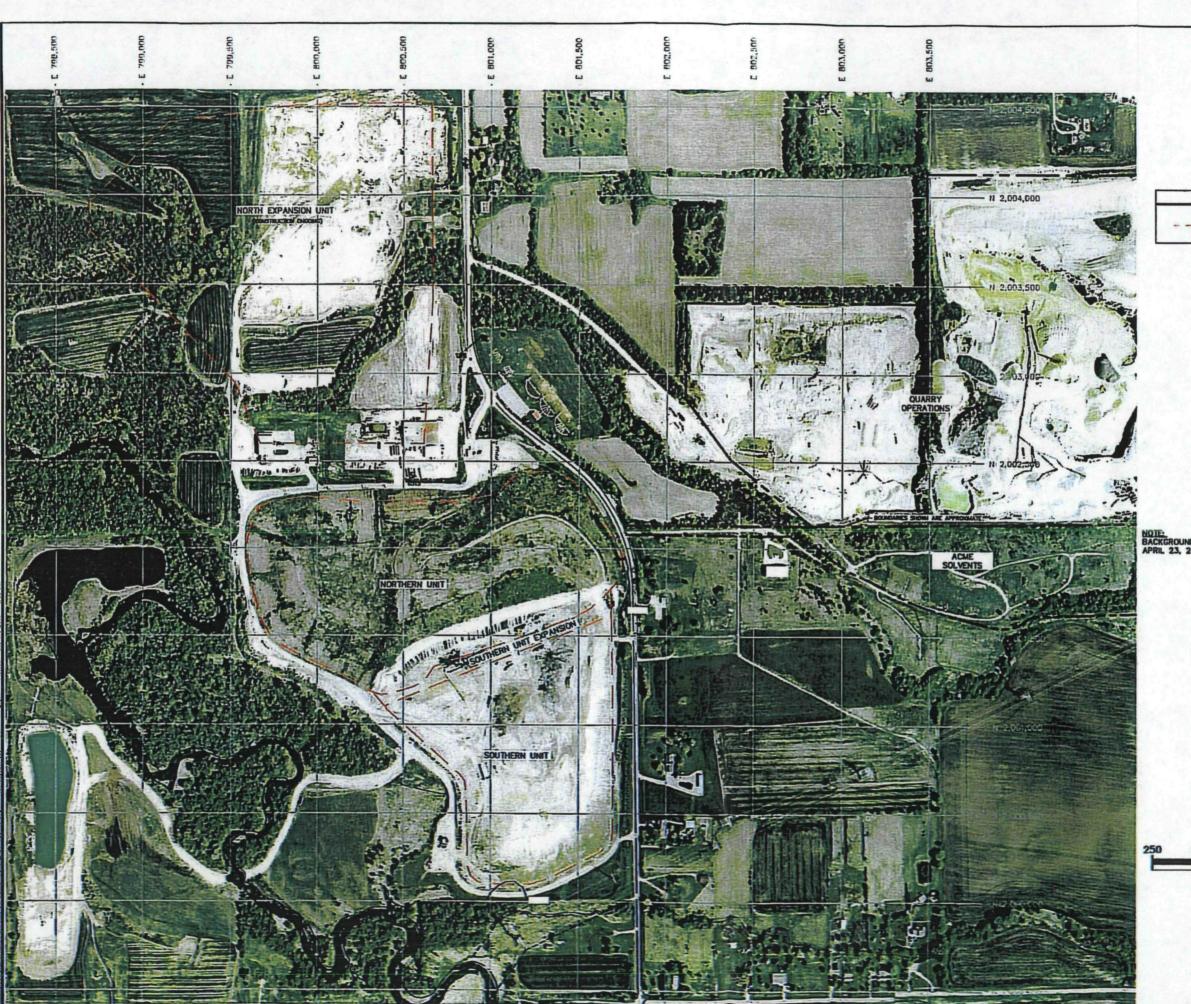
Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	1stQtr05	2ndQtr05	3rdQtr05	4thQtr05	1stQtr06	2ndQtr06	3rdQtr06	4thQtr06	1stQtr07
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	160	180	160	120	160	180	200	170	130
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12	and the second								
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12									
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8				And the latest					

Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	1stQtr07re	2ndQtr07	3rdQtr07	4thQtr07	1stQtr08	2ndQtr08	3rdQtr08	4thQtr08	1stQtr09
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	140	170	47	160	200	57	64	150	120
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12							12	10	8.3
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12		7-1-							< 4
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8		-	10.76.0			L PI LON L T.L			490

Well ID	Parameter	Units	GW List	AGQS	2ndQtr09	3rdQtr09	4thQtr09	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10
G22D	Chloride, Dissolved	mg/l	G1	200	210	55	400	420	430	240	320
G09M	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12	12	22	12	8.9	11	18	14
G51S	Chromium, dissolved	ug/l	G1	12	5.4	9.8	7.7	6.5	10	24	15
G51S	Total Dissolved Solids, filtered	mg/l	G1	1755.8	580	620	830	980	1300	2100	1800

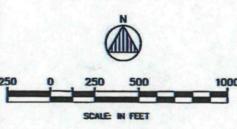
FIGURES





LEGEND CURRENTLY PERMITTED FILL BOUNDARY

NOTE: BACKGROUND IMAGE EXTRACTED FROM GOOGLE EARTH, APRIL 23, 2006.



90-114

SHET MUNICIPA

FIG. 2

APPENDIX AAPPLICATION FORMS



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Bureau of Land 1021 North Grand Avenue East Box 19276 Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Certification of Authenticity of Official Forms

This form must accompany any application submitted to the Illinois EPA Bureau of Land, Division of Land Pollution Control, Permit Section on forms other than the official copy printed and provided by the Illinois EPA. The only allowed changes to the form are in spacing, fonts, and the addition of the information provided. Any additions must be underlined. The forms would not be considered identical if there is any change to, addition or deletion of words on the form or to the language of the form.

The same individuals that sign the application form it accompanies must sign the following certification.

I hereby certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with the application form or forms and all included supplemental information submitted to the Illinois EPA herewith, and that the official Illinois Environmental Protection Agency application form or forms used herein is or are identical in all respects to the official form or forms provided by the Illinois EPA Bureau of Land Permit Section, and has not or have not been altered, amended, or otherwise modified in any way. I further certify under penalty of law that any attached or included electronic data version of the application form or forms complies with the official Illinois EPA's Electronic version thereof, and is or are identical in all respects to the official electronically downloadable form or forms provided by the Illinois EPA Bureau of Land Permit Section, and has not or have not been altered, amended or otherwise modified in any way.

By: // //	1-6-2011
Owner Signature	(date)
Engineering Munaser Title	
By: Operator Signature	1-6-2011 (date)
Ensineering Manager	
Engineer Signature (if necessary)	//O/11 (date)
Subscribed and Sworn to Before Me, a Notary Public in and for the above-mentioned County and State.	OFFICIAL SEAL NICOLE M ROTE NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
Rotary Public	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 08/12/12 }
My Commission Expires: 8/12/12	[Notary Seal]



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Bureau of Land • 1021 N. Grand Avenue E. • Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276

General Application for Permit (LPC - PA1)

This form must be used for any application for permit, except for landscape waste composting or hazardous waste management facilities regulated in accordance with RCRA, Subtitle C from the Bureau of Land. One original, and two copies, or three if applicable, of all permit application forms must be submitted. Attach the original and appropriate number of copies of any necessary plans, specifications, reports, etc. to fully support and describe the activities and modifications being proposed. Attach sufficient information to demonstrate the compliance with all regulatory requirements. Incomplete applications will be rejected.

Niote: Permit applications which are hand-deliverd to the Bureau of Land, Permit Section must be delivered to the above address between 8:30 am and 5:00 pm, Monday through Friday (excluding State holidays).

NOTE: Please complete this form online, save a copy locally, print and submit it to the Permit Section #33, at the above address

I. Site Identi	fication:						
Site Name: Win	nebago Landfill					IEPA ID Number: 2018080001	
Street Address:	8403 Lindenwood Road					P.O. Box:	_
City: Rockford	Sta	ite: <u>IL</u>	Zip Code: 6	1109		County: Winnebago	
Existing DE/OP	Permit Numbers (if applicable)): <u>199</u>	1-138-LF				_
2. Owner/Op	perator Identification:						
	Owner					Operator	
Name:	Winnebago Landfill Company	<u>, LLC</u>		Name:		Winnebago Reclamation Service, Inc.	
Street Address:	5450 Wansford Way, Suite 20)1B		Street Addr	ess:	5450 Wansford Way, Suite 201B	
PO Box:				PO Box:			
City:	Rockford S	tate:	<u>IL</u>	City:		Rockford State: IL	
Zip Code:	61109 Phone: _			Zip Code:		61109 Phone:	
Contact:	Tom Hilbert		Contact:			Tom Hilbert	
Email Address:	thilbert@wcwastecompanies.	com		Email Addre	ess:	thilbert@wcwastecompanies.com	
TYPE OF SUBM	ISSION/REVIEW PERIOD:		TYPE OF FACILITY:			TYPE OF WASTE:	
New Landfill/180	days (35 IAC Part 813)		Landfill		\checkmark	General Municipal Refuse	V
Landfill Expansi	on/180 days (35 IAC Part 813)		Land Treati	ment		Hazardous	
Sig, Mod. to Ope	erate/90 days (35 IAC Part 813)		Transfer St	ation		Special (Non-Hazardous)	V
Other Sig. Mod.	/90 days (35 IAC Part 813)	\checkmark	Treatment I	acility		Chemical Only (exec. putrescible)	
Renewal of Land	dfill/90 days (35 IAC Part 813)		Storage			Inert Only (exec. chem. & putrescible)	
Developmental/9	90 days (35 IAC Part 807)		Incinerator			Used Oil	
Operating/45 days	s (35 IAC Part 807)		Composting)		Potentially Infectious Medical Waste	
Supplemental/90	days (35 IAC Part 807)		Recycling/F	Reclamation		Landscape/Yard Waste	
Permit Transfer/	90 days (35 IAC Part 807)		Other (Spec	cify)		Other (Specify)	
Renewal of Expo	erimental Permit (35 IAC Part 807)	***************************************				
•	n of this Permit Reques						_
Alternate source	e demonstration in accordance	with (Condition VII	l.15 (Modifica	ation	No. 45).	
	~ -						

This Agency is authorized to require this information under Section 4 and Title X of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/4, 5/39). Failure to disclose this information may result in: a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42). This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

4. Completeness Requirements

The following items must be checked Yes, No or N/A.	Each item will be reviewed for completeness by the log clerk.	Blank
items will result in rejection of the application. Please	e refer to the instructions for further guidance.	

1. Have all required public notice letters been mailed in accordance with the LPC-PA16 instructions?

Yes
No
N/A (If so, provide a list of those recipients of the required public notice letters for Illinois EPA retention. Such retention shall not imply any Illinois EPA review and/or confirmation of the list.)

Public	Notice	Reci	pients
---------------	---------------	------	--------

ublic Notice Rec	ipients						
Name: Dave Syv	verson			Title:	Senator - Di	strict 34	
Street Address:	200 South Wyman Stree						P.O. Box:
Name: Charles J	lefferson			Title:	Representat	ive - District	67
Street Address:	200 South Wyman Stree						P.O. Box:
City: Rockford		State: IL	Zip Code:	61101	1	Phone:	
Name: Phillip Nic	colosi			Title:	State's Attor	ney	
Street Address:	400 West State Street						P.O. Box:
City: Rockford		State: IL	Zip Code:	61101	1	Phone:	
Name: Scott Chr	istiansen			Title:	County Cha	irman	
Street Address:	404 Elm Street, Room 50						P.O. Box:
City: Rockford		State: IL					
Name: Village of	New Milford			Title:	Village Clerk	(
Street Address:	6771 11th Street						P.O. Box:
City: Rockford		State: IL	Zip Code:	61109	9	Phone:	
Name: Village of	Davis Junction			Title:	Village Clerk	·	
Street Address:	106 North Elm Street						P.O. Box: 207
City: Davis Junct	ion	State: IL	Zip Code:	61020)	Phone:	
Name: Cherry Va	alley Township			Title:			
Street Address:	487 South Blackhawk Ro	oad					P.O. Box:
		State: IL	Zip Code:	61109)	Phone:	

- 2. a. Is the Siting Certification Form (LPC-PA8) completed and enclosed?
 - b. Is siting approval currently under litigation?

Yes	No	7	N/A

☐ Yes ✓ No ☐ N/A

3.	a.	Is a closure, and if necessary a post-closure plan covering these activities being submitted, or	☐ Yes	✓ Nop	a □3%A 4
	b.	has one already been approved? If yes, provide the permit number: 1991-138-IF			
4.	a.	For waste disposal sites, only: Has any employee, owner, operator, officer or director of the owner or operator had a prior conduct certification denied, canceled or revoked?	Yes	✓ No	□ N/A
	b.	Have you included a demonstration of how you comply or intend to comply with 35 III. Adm. Code 745?	Yes	☐ No	✓ N/A
5.	a.	Is land ownership held in beneficial trust?	Yes	✓ No	□ N/A
	b.	If yes, is a beneficial trust certification form (LPC-PA9) completed and enclosed?	☐ Yes	☐ No	✓ N/A
6.	a.	Does the application contain information or proposals regarding the hydrogeology; groundwater monitoring, modeling or classification; a groundwater impact assessment; or vadose zone monitoring for which you are requesting approval?	✓ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
	b.	If yes, have you submitted a third copy of the application (4 total) and supporting documents?	✓ Yes	☐ No	□ N/A

The State of the S

5. Signatures:

Original signatures are required. Signature stamps or applications transmitted electronically or by FAX are not acceptable.

All applications shall be signed by the person designated below as a duly authorized representative of the owner an/or operator.

Corporation - By a principal executive officer of the level of vice-president or above.

Partnership or Sole Proprietorship - By a general partner or the proprietor, respectively.

Government - By either a principal executive officer or a ranking elected official.

A person is a duly authorized representative of the owner and operator only if:

- 1. They meet the criteria above or the authorization has been granted in writing by a person described above; and
- 2. Is submitted with this application (a copy of a previously submitted authorization can be used).

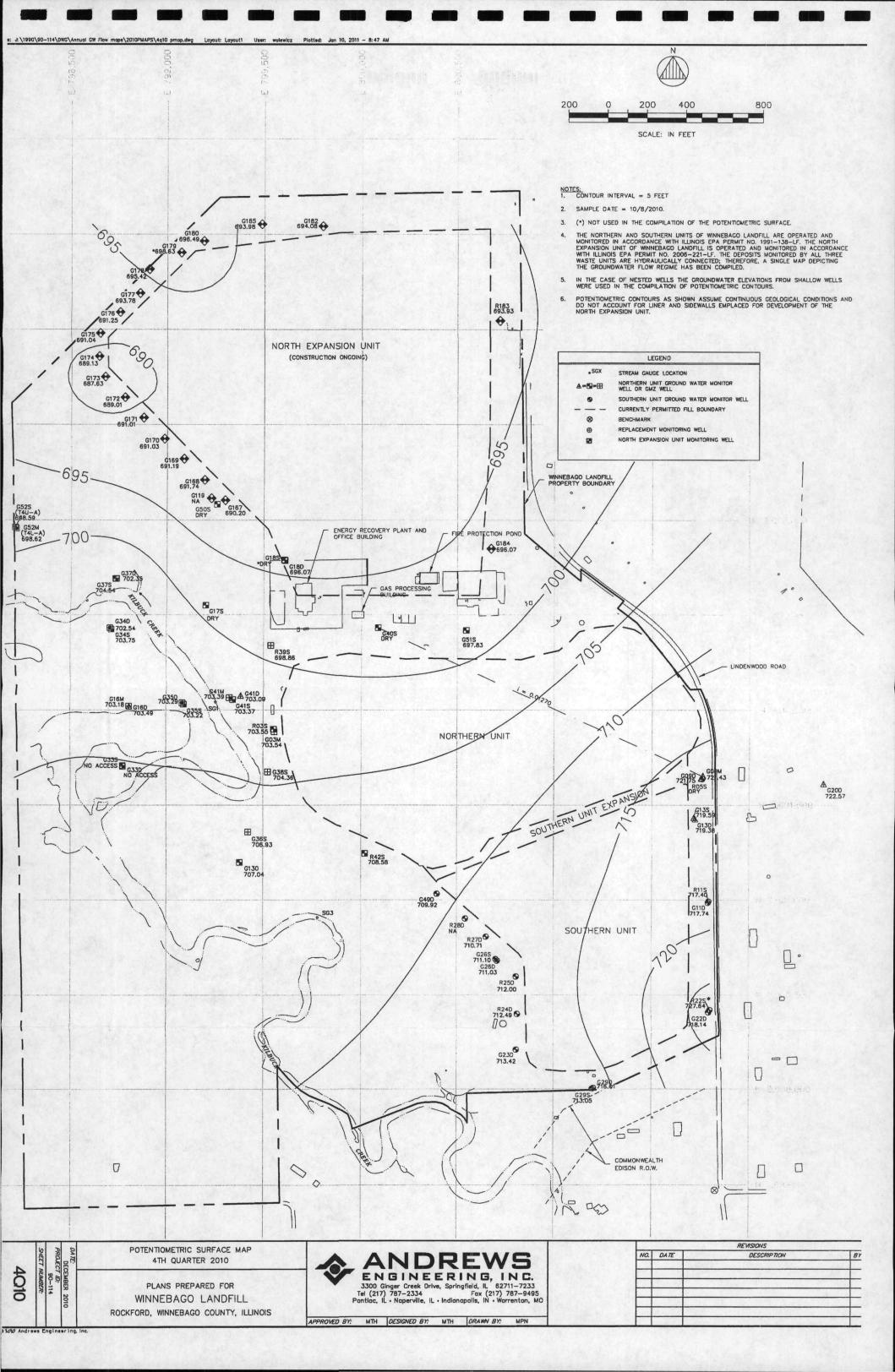
I hereby affirm that all information contained in this application is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. I do herein swear that I am a duly authorized representative of the owner/operator and I am authorized to sign this permit application form.

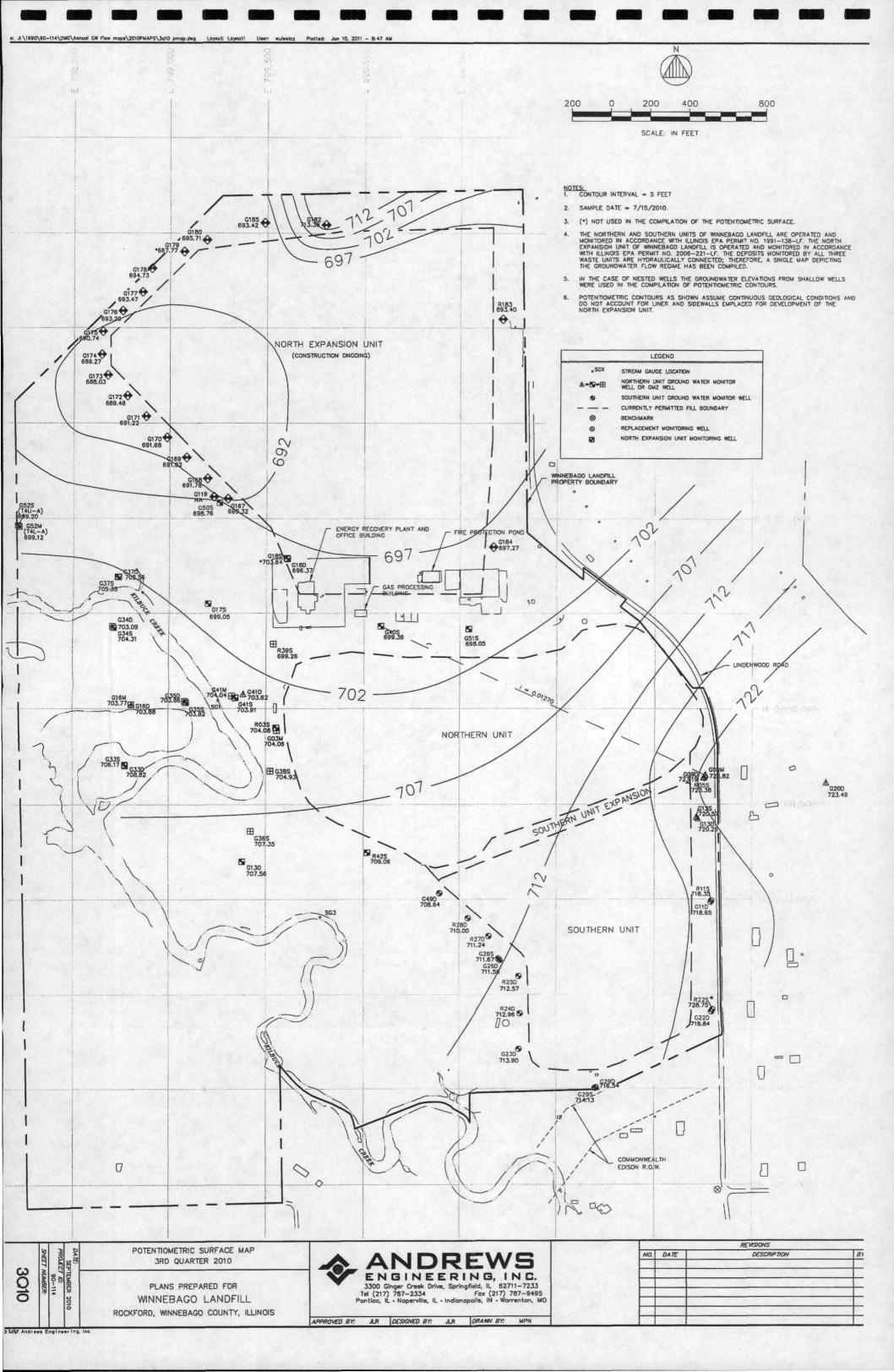
Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois EPA commits a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415

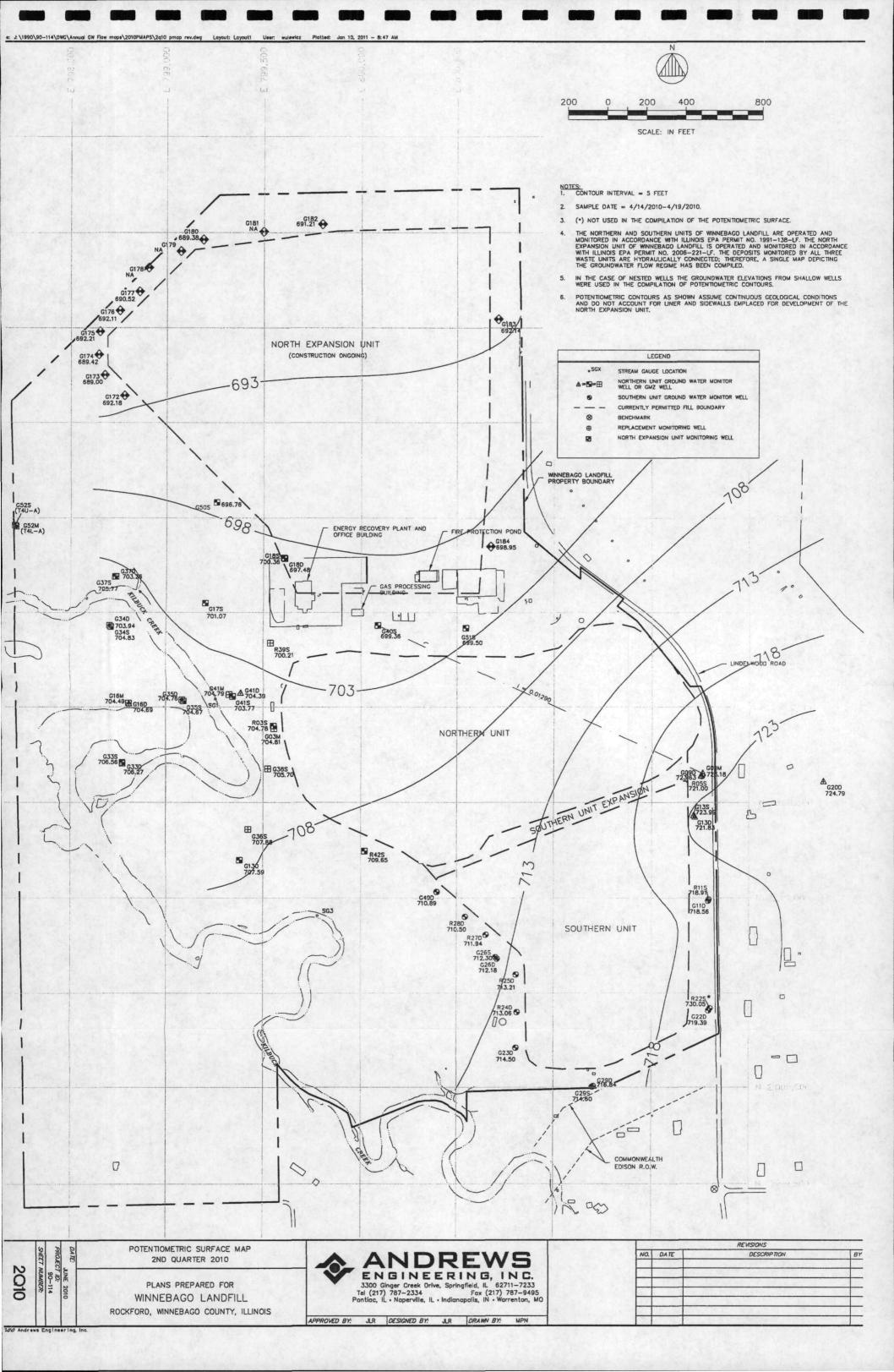
ILCS 5/44(h))	
Owner Signature:	1-6-2011 Date: Ensineering Manager Title:
Thomas Hilbert	Martin T
Printed Name:	Title:
Notary: Subscribed and Sworn before me this day of _	20
My commission expires on:	
	Signature & Stamp/Seal of Notary Public
	1-6-2011
Operator Signature:	
Thomas Hilbers	Ensincering Manager
Printed Name:	Title:
Notary: Subscribed and Sworn before me this day of	Jan 2011
My commission expires on: 8-12-12	Rusole Maso
	Signature & Stangraenloge Alotary Public
	NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
~ (AA 11	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 08/12/12 {
Engineer's Name: Douglas W Maurtel	Engineer's Title: Series Project Expher
Company: Addrews Engineering Lac.	Registration Number: 06-054530
Street Address: 3700 Giver Creek Drive	PO Box:
City: State: 41	Zip Code: 62711 Phone: 217-787-2334
Email Address: <u>awmounted@ andrews-eng.</u> co	M License Expiration Date: 1/30//
1	G-033-85450 V
Signature: Daylor W. March	Of RECEIVED THE
Signature: My (accord)	Date:Professional Engineer's Seal >

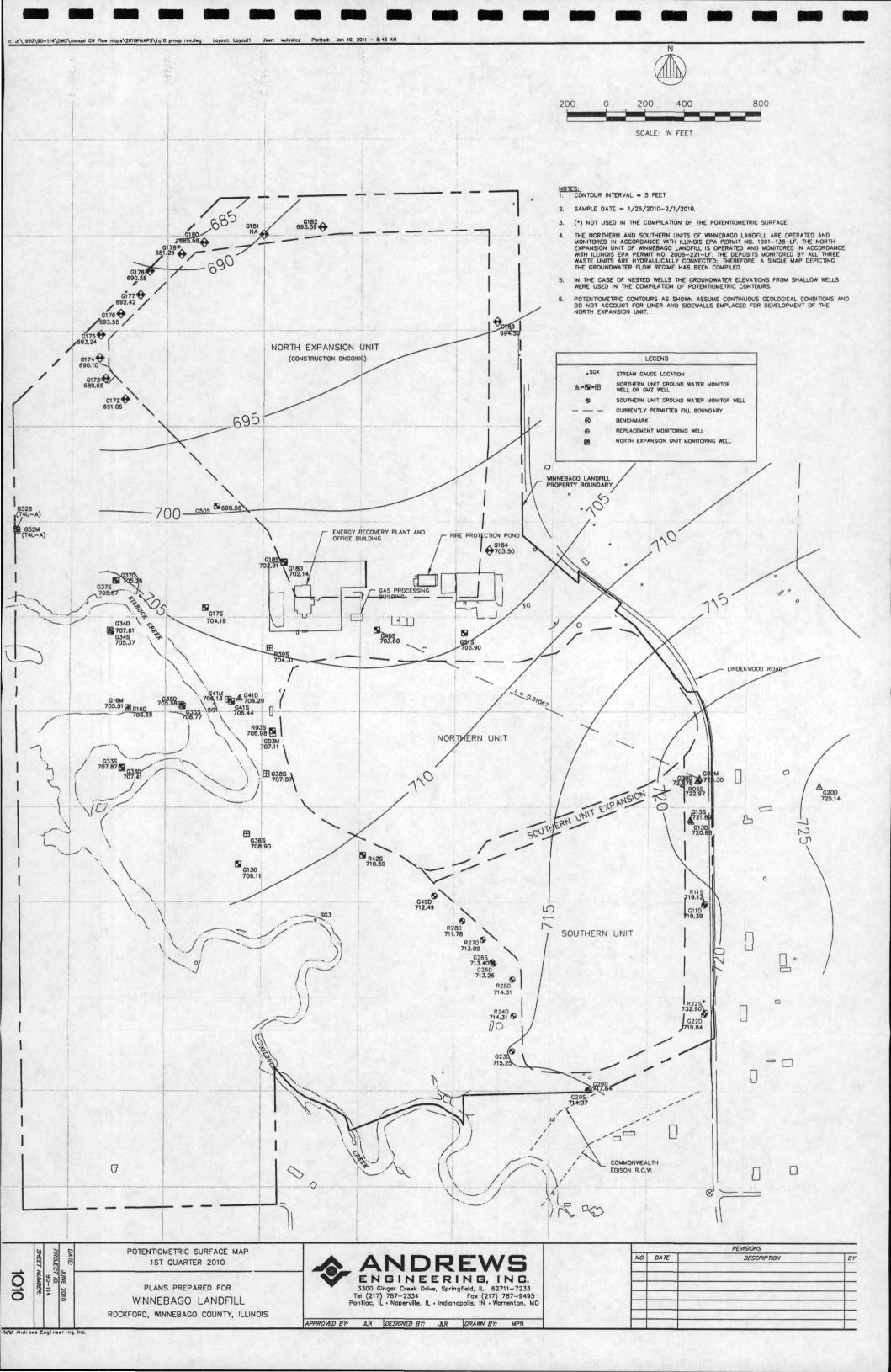
APPENDIX B

Potentiometric Surface Maps







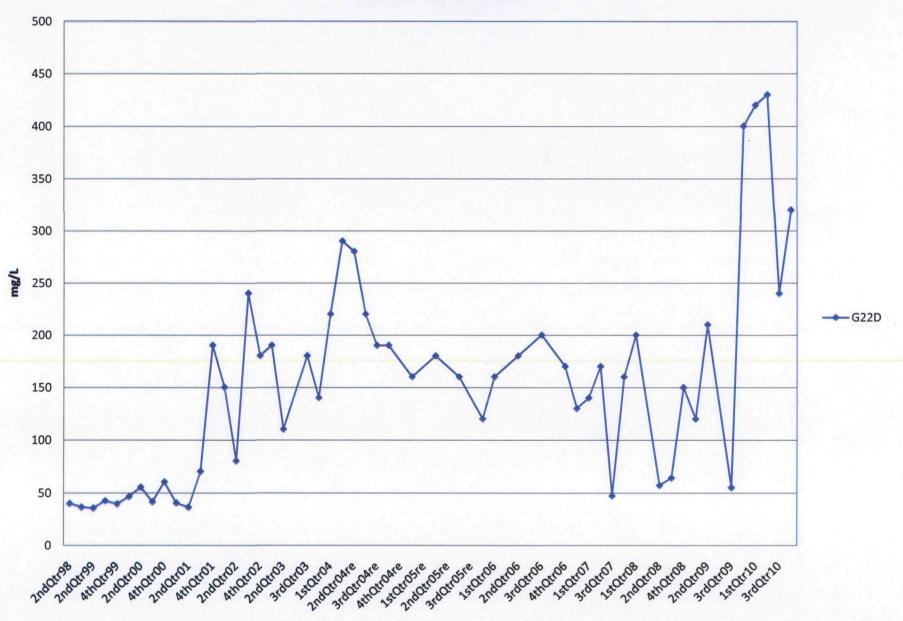


APPENDIX C

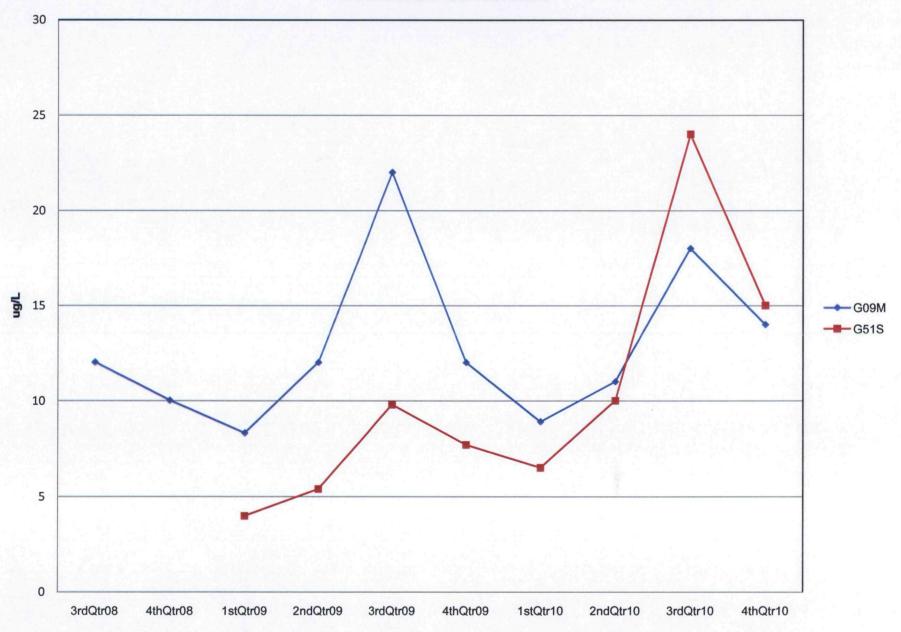
Graphical Trend Analyses

Winnebago Landfill Southern Unit

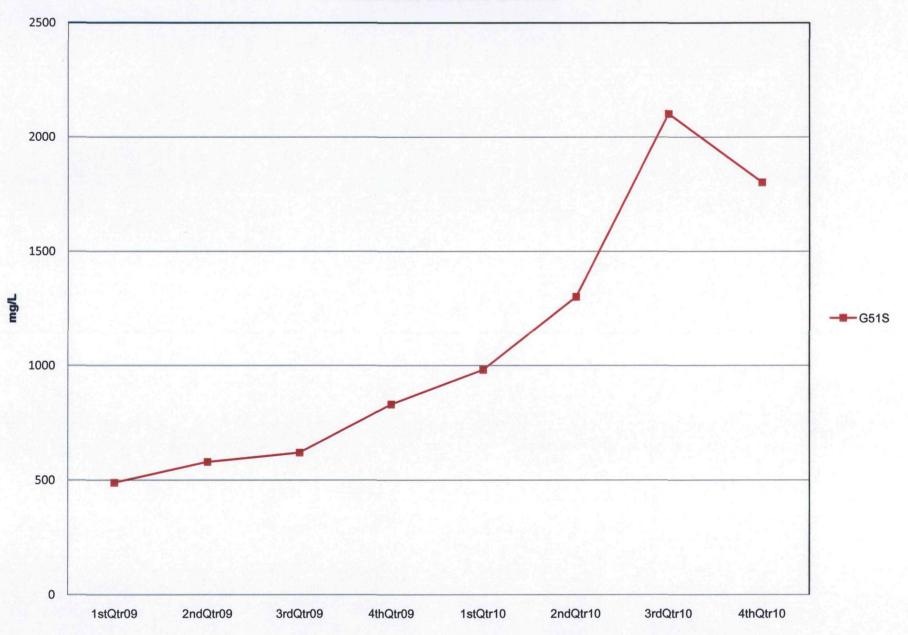
Dissolved Chloride



Winnebago Landfill Northern Unit Dissolved Chromium



Winnebago Landfill Northern Unit Total Dissolved Solids



APPENDIX D

Statistical Method

Statistical Analyses Method

References:

- 1. 35 Illinois Administrative Code 811.320
- "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance." Office of Solid Waste, USEPA, April 1989.
- "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,
 Addendum to Interim Final Guidance." Office of Solid Waste, USEPA, July 1992.
- "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,
 Addendum to Interim Final Guidance." Office of Solid Waste, USEPA, January
 1993.

Background quality shall be determined using the statistical techniques set forth in 35 IAC 811.320(e). The data was tested for normality using the Shapiro-Wilk normality test. If the data was found not to follow a normal distribution, a nonparametric statistical method was utilized. The data was examined for outliers by the method described in the "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring, Interim Final Guidance and Addendum to Interim Final Guidance." After the outlier test the percentages of non-detect values (NDs) shall be calculated for each parameter to determine the applicable ND treatment method, if any. Once the treatment of non-detect values is done, the prediction limit for each parameter shall be calculated using the mean, standard deviation, and the appropriate t value. The statistical analysis uses a one-tailed test to determine an upper limit of significance. The upper prediction limit shall be the concentration for the probability that the constituent can be measured without constituting a statistical increase above the background. Any concentration found below this limit is regarded as falling within the normal statistical population.

Statistical Method

The statistical method shall employ the 99% confidence limit (99% CL) for all interwell calculations and the 99% confidence limit (99% CL) for all intrawell calculations, which incorporates the mean, standard deviation, number of samples, and the Student's t value in the calculation of a confidence limit to determine general background groundwater quality. An upper confidence limit shall be calculated for each individual chemical parameter. The well data from the site shall be evaluated statistically with samples collected during four (4) consecutive quarters of background sampling.

Handling of Outliers

Prior to statistical analyses the data set was evaluated for outliers. Outliers are defined as data points that vary significantly from the mean value for that data set. Outliers may represent

sampling error, contamination from surface run-off, analytical laboratory error, or anomalous site conditions. Outliers, if not removed from the data set, can erroneously increase the AGQS and minimize the occurrence of an exceedences related to a release from a waste unit. Once a statistical outlier has been identified, the concentrations shall be evaluated to determine the cause. If a valid reason has been determined for the outlier the data point will be removed from the data set. If no specific reason can be documented the point will considered representative and included in the analysis. Statistical analysis will then be conducted as described below.

Handling of Non-Detects (NDs)

Non-detect values (NDs) were handled according to the percentage of Non-Detects (%ND) present in the background sampling. The %ND was calculated for each parameter from the pooled background data of each well set. The data treatment was done according to the following criteria:

- a) For under 0% NDs, no adjustment is made to the values in the data set.
- b) For under 15% NDs, the value of one-half (1/2) the reported Detection Limit (DL) was substituted for the ND value, and the mean and standard deviation were calculated using detected values with the substituted ND values.
- c) For 15-50% NDs, Cohen's Adjustment was used to adjust the mean and standard deviation. The adjusted mean and standard deviation was then used to calculate the Confidence Limit.
- d) For over 50% but not 100% NDs, the highest recorded concentration was substituted for the prediction limit.
- e) For 100% NDs, the Method Detection Limit (MDL) will be substituted for the ND value. The mean and standard deviation was calculated using the substituted ND values.

Confidence Limit

The statistical procedure was conducted according to the following steps:

1. Calculate arithmetic mean

The arithmetic mean was calculated using the pooled data for each parameter. The arithmetic mean (X_b) was calculated using the following equation:

$$X_b = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n}$$

where: X_b = Average background value X_n = Individual background value for n sample

n = Number of background values

2. Calculate standard deviation

The standard deviation was calculated using the pooled data for each parameter. The standard deviation was calculated using the following equation:

$$S_b = \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X_b) + (X_2 - X_b) + ... + (X_n - X_b)}{n - 1}}$$

where: S_b = Population standard deviation

 X_n = Individual background value for n sample

 $X_b = Mean (1)$

n = Number of background samples

3. Calculate the 99% Upper Confidence Limit (Intrawell Values)

The 99% Upper Confidence Limit was calculated for each parameter using the mean (1), the standard deviation (2), the number of background samples, and the Student's t value given for σ = 0.01 (99% Confidence). The Student's t value varies upon the number of background samples. For those parameters with greater than 50% but not 100% NDs, the Cohen Method was utilized to calculate the 99% Confidence Limit. The methodology described in "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities: Addendum to Interim Final Guídance" dated January 28, 1993 was used to calculate the Cohen Confidence Limit. The 99% Upper Confidence Limit for the remaining parameters was calculated using the following equation:

$$CL = X_b + S_b \bullet t \bullet \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$$

where: CL = Upper Confidence Limit (Upper and Lower for pH)

 $X_b = Mean (1)$

 $S_b = Standard Deviation (2)$

t = Student's t value at 0.01 significance (99% Confidence)

n = Number of background samples

4. Calculate the 99% Upper Confidence Limit (Interwell Values)

The 99% Upper Confidence Limit was calculated for each parameter using the mean (1), the standard deviation (2), the number of background samples, and the Student's t value given for σ = 0.01 (99% Confidence). The Student's t value varies upon the number of background samples. For those parameters with greater than 50% but not 100% NDs, the Cohen Method was utilized to calculate the 99% Confidence Limit. The methodology described in "Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities: Addendum to Interim Final Guidance" dated January 28, 1993 was used to calculate the Cohen Confidence Limit. The

99% Upper Confidence Limit for the remaining parameters was calculated using the following equation:

$$CL = X_b + S_b \bullet t \bullet \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$$

where:CL = Upper Confidence Limit (Upper and Lower for pH)

 X_b = Mean (1) S_b = Standard Deviation (2)

t = Student's t value at 0.01 significance (99% Confidence)

n = Number of background samples

APPENDIX E

Statistical Calculations

Winnebago Landfill Southern Unit Intrawell AGQS Statistics G22D

Raw Data

Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10
G22D					
Dissolved Chloride	mg/L	420	430	240	320

 $T = (X-X_{main})/SD$. where X = sample resultOutlier = $T > T_n$ T, SD **Outlier Testing** Number of Standard Critical 3rdQtr10 4Q10 Units 1stQtr10 2ndQtr10 4thQtr10 Samples 2Q10 4Q10 1Q10 3Q10 Parameter Mean Deviation Values 1Q10 3Q10 2Q10 G22D Dissolved Chloride mg/L 420 430 240 320 4 352.50 89.9537 1.492 0.750 0.862 -1.251 -0.361

A highlighted cell indicates an outlier.

ND Analyses

						Number of	Number of	%	ND
Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10	Samples	ND's	ND	Treatment
G22D									
Dissolved Chloride	mg/L	420	430	240	320	4	0	0.0%	NO ADJ

Tolerance Limit = $x + st[1+(1/n)]^{\Lambda}$ /2 Confidence Level = 99%

Prediction Limits

						ND		Standard	Number of	T	Prediction
Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10	Treatment	Mean	Deviation	Samples	Value	Limit
G22D											
Dissolved Chloride	mg/L	420	430	240	320	NO ADJ	352.50	89.9537	4	4.5407	809.16

Winnebago Landfill Northern Unit Intrawell AGQS Statistics G51S

Raw Data

Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10
G51S					
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	980	1300	2100	1800

 $T = (X-X_{mean})/SD$, where X = sample resultOutlier = $T > T_n$ T_n **Outlier Testing** SD Number of Standard Critical 4Q10 1stQtr10 2ndQtr10 3rdQtr10 1Q10 2Q10 3Q10 4Q10 1Q10 2Q10 3Q10 Parameter Units 4thQtr10 Samples Mean Deviation Values G51S Total Dissolved Solids 1800 0.509 mg/L 980 1300 2100 4 1545.00 500.7661 1.492 -1.128 -0.489 1.108 ---

A highlighted cell indicates an outlier.

ND Analyses

						Number of	Number of	%	ND
Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10	Samples	ND's	ND	Treatment
G51S								**	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	980	1300	2100	1800	4	0	0.0%	NO ADJ

Tolerance Limit = $x + st[1+(1/n)]^{\lambda}$ Confidence Level = 99%

Prediction Limits

Parameter	Units	1stQtr10	2ndQtr10	3rdQtr10	4thQtr10	ND Treatment	Mean	Standard Deviation	Number of Samples	T Value	Prediction Limit
G51S											
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	980	1300	2100	1800	NO ADJ	1545.00	500.7661	4	4.5407	4087.22